



1  
00:00:07,700 --> 00:00:04,999  
mysterious objects at the edge of the

2  
00:00:11,780 --> 00:00:07,710  
electromagnetic spectrum presented by

3  
00:00:14,270 --> 00:00:11,790  
science at NASA the human eye is crucial

4  
00:00:17,150 --> 00:00:14,280  
to astronomy without the ability to see

5  
00:00:19,130 --> 00:00:17,160  
the luminous universe of stars planets

6  
00:00:22,730 --> 00:00:19,140  
and galaxies would be close to us

7  
00:00:24,200 --> 00:00:22,740  
unknown forever nevertheless astronomers

8  
00:00:27,230 --> 00:00:24,210  
can't shake their fascination with

9  
00:00:28,609 --> 00:00:27,240  
things they cannot see outside the realm

10  
00:00:31,310 --> 00:00:28,619  
of human vision is an entire

11  
00:00:33,889 --> 00:00:31,320  
electromagnetic spectrum of wonders each

12  
00:00:36,049 --> 00:00:33,899  
type of light from radio waves to gamma

13  
00:00:38,780 --> 00:00:36,059

rays reveals something unique about the

14

00:00:41,090 --> 00:00:38,790

universe some wavelengths are best for

15

00:00:43,400 --> 00:00:41,100

studying black holes others reveal

16

00:00:45,110 --> 00:00:43,410

newborn stars and planets while others

17

00:00:48,650 --> 00:00:45,120

illuminate the earliest years of cosmic

18

00:00:50,180 --> 00:00:48,660

history nASA has many telescopes working

19

00:00:53,000 --> 00:00:50,190

the wavelengths up and down the

20

00:00:55,010 --> 00:00:53,010

electromagnetic spectrum one of them the

21

00:00:57,439 --> 00:00:55,020

fermi gamma-ray telescope orbiting Earth

22

00:00:59,840 --> 00:00:57,449

has just crossed a new electromagnetic

23

00:01:02,299 --> 00:00:59,850

frontier Fermi is picking up crazy

24

00:01:04,340 --> 00:01:02,309

energetic photons says Dave Thompson an

25

00:01:06,620 --> 00:01:04,350

astrophysicist at NASA's Goddard Space

26  
00:01:08,420 --> 00:01:06,630  
Flight Center and it's detecting so many

27  
00:01:10,160 --> 00:01:08,430  
of them we've been able to produce the

28  
00:01:12,950 --> 00:01:10,170  
first all-sky map of the very

29  
00:01:14,660 --> 00:01:12,960  
high-energy universe this is what the

30  
00:01:17,090 --> 00:01:14,670  
sky looks like near the very edge of the

31  
00:01:19,570 --> 00:01:17,100  
electromagnetic spectrum between 10

32  
00:01:21,859 --> 00:01:19,580  
billion and 100 billion electron volts

33  
00:01:24,020 --> 00:01:21,869  
the light we see with human eyes

34  
00:01:26,840 --> 00:01:24,030  
consists of photons with energies in the

35  
00:01:29,120 --> 00:01:26,850  
range two to three electron volts the

36  
00:01:31,910 --> 00:01:29,130  
gamma rays Fermi detects are billions of

37  
00:01:34,539 --> 00:01:31,920  
times more energetic from 20 million to

38  
00:01:37,490 --> 00:01:34,549

more than 300 billion electron volts

39  
00:01:39,530 --> 00:01:37,500  
these gamma-ray photons are so energetic

40  
00:01:41,830 --> 00:01:39,540  
they cannot be guided by the mirrors and

41  
00:01:44,960 --> 00:01:41,840  
lenses found in ordinary telescopes

42  
00:01:47,660 --> 00:01:44,970  
instead Fermi uses a sensor that is more

43  
00:01:49,580 --> 00:01:47,670  
like a Geiger counter than a telescope

44  
00:01:52,070 --> 00:01:49,590  
if we could wear Fermi's gamma-ray

45  
00:01:55,010 --> 00:01:52,080  
glasses we'd witness powerful bullets of

46  
00:01:56,840 --> 00:01:55,020  
energy individual gamma rays from cosmic

47  
00:01:59,690 --> 00:01:56,850  
phenomena such as supermassive black

48  
00:02:02,300 --> 00:01:59,700  
holes and hypernova explosions the sky

49  
00:02:04,249 --> 00:02:02,310  
would be a frenzy of activity before

50  
00:02:05,810 --> 00:02:04,259  
Fermi was launched in June two thousand

51  
00:02:07,850 --> 00:02:05,820  
eight there were only four known

52  
00:02:11,120 --> 00:02:07,860  
celestial sources of photons in this

53  
00:02:14,420 --> 00:02:11,130  
energy range in three years Fermi has

54  
00:02:17,390 --> 00:02:14,430  
found almost 500 more says Thompson what

55  
00:02:19,640 --> 00:02:17,400  
lies within this new realm mystery for

56  
00:02:21,470 --> 00:02:19,650  
one thing says Thompson about a third of

57  
00:02:23,330 --> 00:02:21,480  
the new sources can't be clearly linked

58  
00:02:25,699 --> 00:02:23,340  
to any of the known types of objects

59  
00:02:28,130 --> 00:02:25,709  
that produce gamma rays we have no idea

60  
00:02:31,610 --> 00:02:28,140  
what they are the rest have one thing in

61  
00:02:33,440 --> 00:02:31,620  
common prodigious energy among them are

62  
00:02:35,780 --> 00:02:33,450  
supermassive black holes called blazars

63  
00:02:38,360 --> 00:02:35,790

the ceiling remnants of supernova

64

00:02:41,479 --> 00:02:38,370

explosions and rapidly rotating neutron

65

00:02:43,280 --> 00:02:41,489

stars called pulsars and some of the

66

00:02:45,710 --> 00:02:43,290

gamma rays seem to come from the Fermi

67

00:02:47,809 --> 00:02:45,720

bubbles giant structures emanating from

68

00:02:50,090 --> 00:02:47,819

the Milky Way's Center and spanning some

69

00:02:52,670 --> 00:02:50,100

20,000 light-years above and below the

70

00:02:54,940 --> 00:02:52,680

Galactic plane exactly how these bubbles

71

00:02:56,640 --> 00:02:54,950

formed is another mystery

72

00:02:58,780 --> 00:02:56,650

now that the first sky map is complete

73

00:03:01,390 --> 00:02:58,790

Fermi is working on another more

74

00:03:03,339 --> 00:03:01,400

sensitive and detailed survey in the

75

00:03:05,320 --> 00:03:03,349

next few years Fermi should reveal

76  
00:03:07,300 --> 00:03:05,330  
something new about all these phenomena

77  
00:03:09,160 --> 00:03:07,310  
what makes them tick and why the

78  
00:03:11,800 --> 00:03:09,170  
generates such unearthly levels of

79  
00:03:13,630 --> 00:03:11,810  
energy says David panic a leader in this

80  
00:03:16,390 --> 00:03:13,640  
work from the Max Planck Institute in

81  
00:03:18,460 --> 00:03:16,400  
Germany for now though there are more

82  
00:03:21,570 --> 00:03:18,470  
unknowns than knowns about Fermi's world

83  
00:03:24,520 --> 00:03:21,580  
says Thompson it's pretty exciting for